## AEWं WRIGHT

## end truck accessories electrical controls

## installation operation and parts manual

## A WARNING

This equipment should not be installed, operated or maintained by any person who has not read all the contents of these instructions. Failure to read and comply with these instructions or any one of the limitations noted herein can result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

Only competent engineering and fabrication personnel, familiar with standard crane design and fabrication practices, should be employed to design and fabricate cranes using this equipment because of the necessity of properly interpreting these instructions and for the purposes of determining appropriate compatible equipment and product applications. Acco disclaims any responsibility for the quality of design and workmanship employed in the design and fabrication of a crane or other system using this equipment or the sufficiency of the structure in which and to which this equipment is to be installed or the sufficiency of the crane or system to sustain any particular load that may be imposed upon it. Contact Acco Chain \& Lifting Products for additional information if necessary.

There are no other warranties which extend beyond the description on the Order Acknowledgment and as it may apply to the specifications provided in this publication. THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE EXCLUDED. Acco shall in no event be liable for any special, direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages to anyone beyond the cost of replacement of the goods sold hereby.

## NOTICE

Manual 69499 covers information in reference to standard models of the WRIGHT ${ }^{\circledR}$ end truck accessories electrical controls. This manual includes instructions and parts information for a variety of electrical control types. Therefore, all instructions or parts information may not apply to any one type or size of specific electrical control. Disregard those portions of the manual that do not apply. Manuals for special engineered end truck accessory electrical controls will contain additional pages in accordance with product specifications.
SUBJECTIMPORTANT INFORMATION AND WARNINGS3
INSTALLATION ..... 5
OPERATION ..... 9
BRIDGE INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAMS ..... 13
SINGLE SPEED WIRING DIAGRAM ..... 15
TWO-SPEED WIRING DIAGRAM ..... 16
INVERTER CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM ..... 17
REPAIR PARTS LIST ..... 18
ACCELERATION CONTROL MODULE (OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT) ..... 22

## NOTICE

TO ORDER PARTS: Provide part number, part description, and quantity required.

## SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL !

The Safety Alert Symbol is used in this manual to indicate hazards and to alert the reader to information that should be known, understood, and followed in order to avoid DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY.

## Read and understand this manual before using the crane.

Important issues to remember during operation are provided at the crane control stations, at various locations on the crane and in the manuals by DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION instructions or placards, that alert the personnel to potential hazards, proper operation, load limitations, and more.

## $\triangle$ DANGER

## $\triangle$ WARNING

## A CAUTION

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

## A CAUTION

These general instructions deal with the normal installation and operation situations encountered with the equipment described herein. The instructions should not be interpreted to anticipate every possible contingency or to anticipate the final system, crane, hoist, or configuration that uses this equipment.
This manual includes instructions and parts information for a variety of crane types. Therefore, all instructions and parts information may not apply to any one type or size of specific crane. Disregard those portions of the instructions that do not apply.
Use only Wright authorized replacement parts in the service and maintenance of this crane.

## A WARNING

Equipment described herein is not designed for and should not be used for lifting, supporting, or transporting humans.
Equipment described herein should not be used in conjunction with other equipment unless necessary and/or required safety devices applicable to the system, hoist, or application are installed by the system designer, system manufacturer, crane manufacturer, hoist manufacturer, installer, or user.
Modifications to upgrade, rerate, or otherwise alter this equipment shall be authorized only by the original equipment manufacturer or qualified professional engineer.
Equipment described herein may be used in the design and manufacture of cranes. Additional equipment or devices may be required for the crane to comply with applicable crane design and safety standards. The crane designer, crane manufacturer, or user is responsible to furnish these additional items for compliance. Refer to ASME B30.17, Safety Standard for Top-Running Single Girder Cranes; ASME B30.2, Safety Standard for Top-Running Double Girder Cranes; and B30.11 Safety Standard for Underhung Cranes and Monorails. If a hoist is used with a crane, refer to ASME B30.16, Safety Standard for Overhead Hoists (Underhung). If a below-the-hook lifting device or sling is used with a crane, refer to ASME B30.9, Safety Standard for Slings, or ASME B30.20, Safety Standard for Below-the-Hook Lifting Devices.
Hoists and cranes, used to handle hot molten metal may require additional equipment or devices. Refer to ANSI Z241.2, Safety Requirements for Melting and Pouring of Metals in the Metalcasting Industry.
Electrical equipment described herein is designed and built in compliance with ACCO Chain \& Lifting Products Interpretation of ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. The system designer, system manufacturer, crane designer, crane manufacturer, installer, or user is responsible to assure that all installation and associated wiring of these electrical components is in compliance with ANSI/NFPA 70, and all applicable, Federal, State, and Local Codes.
Failure to read and comply with any of the limitations noted herein can result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND WARNINGS

## A DANGER

## hazardous voltages are present in the control enclosure, other electrical components, AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THESE COMPONENTS.

Before performing ANY mechanical or electrical maintenance on the equipment, de-energize (disconnect) the main switch supplying power to the equipment; and lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position. Refer to ANSI Z244.1, Personnel Protection — Lockout/Tagout of Energy Sources.

Do not operate the equipment without control enclosure cover or covers in place.
Only trained and competent personnel should inspect and repair this equipment.

## NOTICE


#### Abstract

It is the responsibility of the owner/user to install, inspect, test, maintain, and operate a crane in accordance with ASME B30.2, Safety Standard for Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single or Multiple Girder), B30.11 Monorail and Underhung Cranes, B30.17 Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single Girder, Underhung Hoist), OSHA Regulations, and ANSI/NFPA70, National Electrical Code. If the crane is installed as part of a total lifting system, such as in conjunction with a hoist, it is also the responsibility of the owner/user to comply with the applicable ASME B30 volume that addresses that type of equipment.

It is the responsibility of the owner/user to have all personnel that will install, inspect, test, maintain, and operate a crane read the contents of this manual and applicable portions of ASME B30.2 Safety Standard for Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single or Multiple Girder), B30.11 Monorail and Underhung Cranes, B30.17 Overhead and Gantry Cranes (Top Running Bridge, Single Girder, Underhung Hoist), OSHA Regulations, and ANSI/NFPA70, National Electrical Code. If the crane is installed as part of a total lifting system, such as in conjunction with a hoist, the applicable ASME B30 volume that addresses that type of equipment must also be read by all personnel.


Any ANSI Standards referenced in this manual may be obtained from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, New York 10018.

This manual contains information for safe operation of an overhead crane. Taking precedence over any specific rule, however, is the most important rule of all - "USE COMMON SENSE". Operation of any overhead crane involves more than operating the controls. The operator must consider and anticipate the motions and actions that will occur as a result of operating the controls.

If the crane owner/user requires additional information, or if any information in the manual is not clear, contact ACCO Chain \& Lifting Products, York Pennsylvania or the distributor or builder of the crane. Do not install, inspect, test, maintain, or operate the crane unless this information is fully understood.

When contacting the distributor or builder of the crane, always make reference to the serial number of the crane. When contacting ACCO Chain \& Lifting Products, provide as much information concerning the components (end trucks, controls or drives) as possible.

A regular schedule of inspection of the crane in accordance with the requirements of the applicable ASME B30 Safety Standard should be established and records maintained.

## A. WARNING

[^0]
## NOTICE

The following installation instructions are offered as general information concerning the use of WRIGHT ${ }^{\oplus}$ crane control paneis, and should not be construed as complete instructions for wiring cranes.

CONTROL PANELS - WRIGHT* bridge control panels are equipped with UL Class " J " fuseblocks for motor circuit protection. Class " $J$ " fuses provide excellent protection from high fault currents associated with industrial power supply systems, and when properly sized also provide motor overcurrent protection (per ANSI/NFPA 70 art. 610). The motor circuit fuseblock will accept either Bussman "LPJ", Littlefuse "JTD" or Gould Shawmut "AJT" Class "J" fuses that may be ordered from WRIGHT®. Fuses must be sized per ANSI/NFPA 70 (Canadian Electrical Code in Canada) and fuse manufacturers instructions.

The crane designer, crane manufacturer or user must insure that all interconnecting wiring on, and to the crane meets applicable Federal, State and Local Codes, as well as The National Electrical Code (Canadian Electrical Code in Canada).

GROUND CONDUCTOR - The National Electrical Code allows grounding of the Bridge and Trolley frames through metal-to-metal contact between the Bridge and Trolley wheels and their respective tracks, unless local conditions, such as paint or other insulating material, prevent reliable metal-to-metal contact. WRIGHT End Trucks are shipped with unpainted wheel treads, however, if the wheels are painted by others, the track the crane is intended to run on is painted, or local conditions introduce some sort of insulating material between the wheels and track, a separate bonding conductor must be provided.

A dedicated ground conductor is recommended on crane systems with any inverter controlled motions.
CONTROL ENCLOSURES - WRIGHT ${ }^{\star}$ standard Bridge control enclosures are designed for use in NEMA Type 12 environments, with NEMA 4 available as an option. Cable connections to the enclosure should be made with strain relief type connectors approved for the intended application. Both conduit and cable connections to the enclosure should include sealing washers or Bullet (Myers type) hubs to retain the integrity of the NEMA 4 or 12 rating. For applications requiring NEMA 1 wiring classification, sealing washers or hubs are not required, but are recommended to help keep dust, dirt and similar contaminants from entering the control enclosure.

The disconnect switch handle has an enclosure locking feature that prohibits opening of the enclosure cover when the disconnect is energized. This is intended as a safety feature and should not be relied upon to secure the cover in the closed position. Always use the quarter turn fastener on the enclosure cover, to latch the cover in the closed position.

PAINTING CONTROL ENCLOSURES - If it is desirable to repaint the control enclosure, the following instructions must be followed to insure proper adhesion to the existing base coat.

- Wipe down the surfaces to be painted with acetone or lacquer thinner. Use a clean cloth, changing to a clean area on the cloth frequently. This step is mandatory to obtain good adhesion, and must be done thoroughly.
- Apply finish coats per your paint manufacturers instructions.
- Allow paint to cure properly for best durability and adhesion. Consult your paint manufacturer for proper curing times and temperatures.
- OPTIONAL - For best results, thoroughly sand the surface with 240 grit sandpaper before painting. Remove all sanding dust with a clean cloth and tack rag prior to applying paint.

BRIDGE DISCONNECT FUSING - Bridge control panels ordered with a 30 ampere disconnect switch will be provided with 30 amp fuses, and when ordered with a 60 ampere disconnect switch will be provided with 60 amp fuses.

CONTROL VOLTAGE - The control voltage for WRIGHT ${ }^{\text { }}$ standard bridge controls is 115 VAC . For control voltages other than 115 VAC , consult the factory.

MOTORS - Acco standard bridge motors are 30 minute duty (single speed) and 30 minute duty high speed/15 minute duty low speed (two-speed), with class $F$ insulation and motor thermostats.

WIRING DIAGRAM - The wiring and interconnection diagrams included in this publication are "typical" examples of crane controls with the most commonly used options. The bridge control wiring diagram glued to the inside of the enclosure cover of your bridge control accurately depicts the control panel as it was shipped.

INVERTER CONTROL - WRIGHT inverter Bridge control kits are hardwired for up to five steps of multi-speed operation. Inverter drives will be factory programmed for two-speed operation ( $20 \& 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$.), traverse mode with five seconds acceleration time and three seconds deceleration time. If you require the drive to be pre-programmed differently by the factory, please specify when ordering.

Depending on size and application, some inverter Bridge controls are supplied with braking resistors that require mounting external to the bridge control panel. External mounting resistors are shipped loose for field mounting, in a ventilated enclosure. For outdoor applications consult the factory.

## INVERTER CONTROL (continued) -

Wiring on inverter controlled equipment must have the power and control conductors routed through separate raceways. Power and control wiring must also be kept separated in control boxes and junction boxes. When it is necessary for power and control wiring to cross, they must cross at a right angle to one another.

Load reactors should be used on inverter controls utilizing wound rotor motors, power circuit limit switches, applications with electrification bar and collectors between the motor and inverter drive, or when the distance between the motor and inverter drive exceeds 150 feet.

In applications where electrical noise (line spikes, power surges, etc.) are likely to be present, a line reactor may have to be added to protect the inverter. Some common sources of electrical noise include induction furnaces, electrical smelters, arc welders, and by power utility company load switching. Line reactors may also be required when the power source KVA is 500 KVA or larger.

Overhead crane systems commonly receive power from a conductor bar system with sliding collectors. Misalignment, or gaps in the conductor bar can cause current surges or momentary power losses that can damage electronic devices. The use of double collector shoes can greatly reduce the chances of inverter damage and nuisance tripping from this type of occurrence.

For detailed information concerning the variable frequency drive provided in the bridge control panel, refer to the inverter manual provided with the equipment.

## CONNECTING POWER SUPPLY TO CRANE:

## A DANGER

## 1. DISCONNECT POWER AND LOCKOUT DISCONNECTING MEANS BEFORE CONNECTING POWER SUPPLY TO CRANE.

2. Only a qualified electrician should connect the power supply to the crane.
3. Check power supply that will be furnished to the crane. It must be the same as shown on the crane serial number plate. If the power supply that will be connected to the crane is not the same as shown on the crane serial number plate, DO NOT connect power supply to crane.
4. Make all electrical connections in accordance with wiring diagram located in control enclosure.

## BEFORE OPERATING CRANE:

1. Before energizing the power supply, and inspecting and testing the crane prior to initial operational use, check that all electrical connections are in accordance with the wiring diagram located in crane control enclosure.
2. ASME B30.11, B30.2, and B30.17 require that all new, altered, or modified cranes be inspected by a designated person prior to initial use to verify that the equipment and installation comply with applicable provisions of the standard. Such an inspection should be performed at this time, using the applicable ASME B30 standard as the basis for inspection procedures.
3. Check that end stops are installed on all open ends of the bridge runway girders. If end stops are not present on all open ends, DO NOT operate bridge crane until end stops are installed.
4. Energize the power supply to the crane.
5. Check crane travel for correct crane motion direction (crane drive motor or motors are properly phased). Since motor rotation of a three-phase AC motor can be changed by reversing any two of the lines feeding power to the motor, the direction of crane motion must be checked to verify that it is correct in accordance with the crane control device markings.

To check crane motion direction or crane drive motor phasing:
MOMENTARILY activate one button or lever of the crane control device and observe the direction of crane motion. If direction of crane travel agrees with the direction marking of the crane control device activated (i.e., crane direction is EAST when the crane EAST control device is activated), crane motor is properly phased. If the direction of crane travel does not agree with the direction marking of the crane control device activated (i.e., crane direction is WEST when the crane EAST control device is activated), crane motor is improperly phased and must be corrected. DO NOT USE CRANE until motor phasing is corrected.
Page 6

## DO NOT OPERATE CRANE IF DIRECTION OF CRANE MOTION DOES NOT AGREE WITH THE DIRECTION MARKING ON THE CRANE CONTROL DEVICE ACTIVATED.

## A WARNING

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO CORRECT AN IMPROPERLY PHASED CRANE BY CHANGING ANY WIRING IN THE CRANE CONTROL DEVICE OR AT THE CRANE CONTACTORS; OR BY CHANGING THE MARKINGS ON THE CRANE CONTROL DEVICE.
6. To correct crane motor phasing:

## A DANGER

a. DISCONNECT POWER AND LOCKOUT DISCONNECTING MEANS BEFORE RECONNECTING (REVERSING) POWER LINES TO CRANE.
b. Only a qualified electrician should reconnect the power lines to the crane.
c. Interchange any two lines supplying power to the crane motor only. DO NOT reverse main power leads to the crane as this will also effect the phasing of other motors in the system (i.e. hoist motors).
d. Re-energize power supply to the crane.
e. Re-check crane travel for correct crane motion. If direction of crane travel agrees with the direction marking of the crane control device activated (i.e., crane direction is EAST when the crane EAST control device is activated), crane motor is properly phased. If the direction of crane travel does not agree with the direction marking of the crane control device activated (i.e., crane direction is WEST when crane EAST control device is activated), crane motor is improperly phased and must be corrected by repeating steps a through e.
7. If a trolley hoist is mounted on the crane, check that end stops are installed on all open ends of the bridge girder or girders. If end stops are not present on all open ends, DO NOT operate trolley hoist until end stops are installed.
8. Operate crane in both travel directions, without load on the crane, and stop motion to check operation of the crane drive motor brake. The crane should stop within a distance equal to $10 \%$ of the full load travel speed of the crane. If the crane does not stop within this distance, the crane drive motor brake requires adjustment. Refer to the CRANE MOTOR BRAKE manual for instructions on motor brake adjustment.
9. If travel limit switches are installed on the runway or bridge girders, operate the crane or trolley hoist to verify limit switch operation.
10. Operate the crane, without a load on the crane, for the entire travel distance of the runway monorail to check that crane and trolley hoist do not interfere with any other items or pieces of equipment located in the path of travel.
11. If crane has a trolley hoist, operate the trolley hoist, without a load on the hoist hook, for the entire travel distance of the trolley to check that trolley, hoist, load block, and hook do not interfere with any other items or pieces of equipment located in the path of travel.
12. If crane operates in a system with interlocks or transfer sections, operate crane or trolley through all such devices to verify alignment and operation.
13. Check operation of $A C M V$ and adjust as required. Refer to ACCELERATION CONTROL MODULE section of this manual.

## CRANE LOAD TEST:

1. Complete cranes must be load tested in accordance with ASME B30.11, B30.2, or B30.17. Therefore it is the responsibility of the owner/user to load test the crane or final lifting system in accordance with the applicable safety standards.
2. All personnel that will operate the crane or trolley hoist shall read: the OPERATION section of this manual, the WARNINGS contained in this manual; instruction and WARNING labels on the crane; the instruction manual furnished with the hoist; and instruction and WARNING labels on the hoist before operating the hoist or lifting system.

Operation of a crane usually includes the operation of an overhead hoist. Information in this section addresses both the crane and hoist; however, the operation section of the manual furnished with the hoist must be reviewed for specific operation procedures that apply to the hoist.

Operation of an overhead hoist and crane involves more than activating the buttons or levers of the hoist and crane control devices. It is emphasized in the ASME B30 Standards that the use of overhead hoist and cranes are subject to certain hazards that cannot be met by mechanical means, but only by the exercise of intelligence, care, common sense, and experience in anticipating the motions that will occur as a result of activating the hoist or crane controls. Certain precautions are necessary before moving the load and this includes the proper rigging of loads to the hoist hook.

## ! WARNING

CRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO READ THE OPERATION SECTION OF THIS MANUAL, THE WARNINGS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL, INSTRUCTION AND WARNING LABELS ON THE CRANE, THE OPERATION SECTION AND WARNINGS CONTAINED IN THE MANUAL FURNISHED WITH THE HOIST, INSTRUCTION AND WARNING LABELS ON THE HOIST, AND THE OPERATION SECTIONS OF THE APPLICABLE ASME B30 STANDARD; AND TO BE FAMILIAR WITH THE CRANE AND HOIST, AND CRANE AND HOIST CONTROLS BEFORE BEING AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE THE CRANE AND HOIST OR LIFTING SYSTEM.

CRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHOULD BE TRAINED IN PROPER RIGGING PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE ATTACHMENT OF LOADS TO THE HOIST HOOK.

CRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHOULD BE TRAINED TO BE AWARE OF POTENTIAL MALFUNCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THAT REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT OR REPAIR, AND TO BE INSTRUCTED TO STOP OPERATION IF SUCH MALFUNCTIONS OCCUR, AND TO IMMEDIATELY ADVISE THEIR SUPERVISOR SO CORRECTIVE ACTION CAN BE TAKEN.
CRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHOULD HAVE NORMAL DEPTH PERCEPTION, FIELD OF VISION, REACTION TIME, MANUAL DEXTERITY, AND COORDINATION.
GRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHOULD NOT BE SUBJECT TO SEIZURES, LOSS OF PHYSICAL CONTROL, PHYSICAL DEFECTS, OR EMOTIONAL INSTABILITY THAT COULD RESULT IN ACTIONS OF THE OPERATOR BEING A HAZARD TO THE OPERATOR OR OTHERS.

CRANE AND HOIST OPERATORS SHOULD NOT OPERATE A CRANE, HOIST OR LIFTING SYSTEM WHEN UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, DRUGS, OR MEDICATION.
CRANES AND OVERHEAD HOISTS ARE INTENDED ONLY FOR VERTICAL LIFTING SERVICE OF FREELY SUSPENDED UNGUIDED LOADS. DO NOT USE CRANE OR HOIST FOR LOADS THAT ARE NOT LIFTED VERTICALLY, LOADS THAT ARE NOT FREELY-SUSPENDED, OR LOADS THAT ARE GUIDED. IF SUCH CONDITIONS EXIST, CONTACT ACCO CHAIN \& LIFTING PRODUCTS.

## before each shift or before the first time the crane is to be used each SHIFT:

## THE OPERATOR:

SHALL visually inspect wire rope for broken wires, broken strands, kinks, and any type of deformation or damage of the rope structure.

SHALL visually inspect hooks for nicks, gouges, deformation of the throat opening, wear on saddle or load bearing point, and twisting.

SHALL replace warning label if missing or illegible.
SHALL report any damage or malfunctions to the supervisor.
SHALL NOT operate crane or hoist if any damage or malfunctions exist.
SHALL NOT operate crane or hoist if it is tagged with an out-of-order sign.

## before operating the crane and applying the load:

## THE OPERATOR:

SHALL be familiar with all operating controls of the crane and hoist.

SHALL be familiar with the OPERATION Section of this manual, the WARNINGS contained in this manual, instructions and WARNING labels on the crane and hoist or lifting system, the OPERATION Section of the manual furnished with the hoist and crane, and the OPERATION Sections of all applicable ASME B30 standards.
SHALL be instructed in the operation or operations to be performed.
SHALL NOT operate crane or hoist if any damage or malfunctions exist; and SHALL report any damage or malfunctions to the supervisor.

SHALL NOT operate crane or hoist if it is tagged with an out-of-order sign.
SHALL center crane and hoist over load.
SHALL NOT use the hoist wire rope as a sling to wrap around the load.
SHALL attach the load to the hoist hook by suitable means such as slings or lifting devices.
SHALL only attach loads to the hoist hook that do not exceed the rated load capacity of the crane or hoist.
SHALL verify that the size of the attachment of the sling or other lifting device to be used is compatible with the size of the hoist hook.

SHALL verify that the attachment part of the sling or other lifting device is properly seated in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist hook.

SHALL verify that the hook latch operates properly and that the hook latch properly bridges and closes the hook throat opening.
SHALL verify that the latch of the hoist hook will not support any part of the load.
SHALL verify that the load or any part of the load will not be applied to and/or not supported by the tip or point of the hook.

SHALL verify that load will be properly balanced when it is lifted.
SHALL verify that side loads will not be applied to the crane or hoist when the load is lifted.
SHALL verify that hoist wire rope is not kinked or twisted, and that wire rope parts are not twisted about each other.
SHALL verify that hoist wire rope is properly seated in the drum grooves and sheaves.
SHALL notify personnel in the area that a load will be lifted and verify that all personnel are clear of the load.
SHALL verify that when the load is lifted, it will clear all material, machinery, or other obstructions in the area.

## WHILE OPERATING THE CRANE AND MOVING THE LOAD:

THE OPERATOR:
SHALL NOT engage in any activity that will divert the attention of the operator.
SHALL NOT lift, lower, or transport a load with the crane or hoist until the operator and all other personnel are clear of the load and the path of the load.

SHALL verify that the load, crane, and hoist will clear all obstacles before moving or rotating the load.
SHALL avoid moving loads over personnel.
SHALL NOT lift, lower, or transport personnel by means of the crane, hoist, trolley, hoist hook, or load.
SHALL slowly inch the hook into engagement with the load to eliminate wire rope slack and reduce impact loading of the crane and hoist.

SHALL avoid unnecessary inching and quick reversals of direction.
SHALL only lift the load a few inches to verify that the load is properly balanced before continuing with the lift.
SHALL only lift the load a few inches to verify that the hoist braking system is functioning properly before continuing with the lift.

SHALL only traverse the load a few inches to verify that the crane braking system is functioning properly before continuing with travel.

SHALL avoid swinging of the load or hoist hook when the crane and/or hoist is traveling.

SHALL avoid sharp contact between trolleys or between trolleys and stops.
SHALL avoid sharp contact between cranes or between cranes and stops.
SHALL NOT use hoist limit switches or devices as a normal means of stopping the hoist.
SHALL NOT lower the load beyond the point where less than two wraps of wire rope remain at each anchorage on the drum, unless a lower limit device is provided, in which case no less than one wrap of wire rope shall remain at each anchorage on the drum.

## PARKING THE LOAD:

## THE OPERATOR:

SHALL NOT lower a load with the hoist until the operator and all other personnel are clear of the load and the path of the load.

SHALL verify that the load will clear all obstacles before lowering the load.
SHALL block loads before landing if slings or other lifting devices must be removed from under the landed load.
SHALL exercise care when removing a sling from under a landed and blocked load.
SHALL NOT leave a suspended load unattended unless specific precautions to prevent the load from inadvertent lowering have been instituted and are in place.
SHALL position the hoist load block and hook above head level for storage when the hoist is not in use.

## GENERAL:

## THE OPERATOR:

SHALL know hand signals used for hoist and crane operations if a signal-person is used in the operation, and accept signals of only persons authorized to give hand signals EXCEPT to obey a stop signal regardless who gives it.
SHALL NOT adjust or repair a crane or hoist unless qualified and authorized to perform maintenance.
SHALL NOT use a hoist load limiting device as a means to measure the load.

## GENERAL DO'S AND DO NOT'S:

DO establish a regular inspection schedule and maintain a record of all inspections performed with special attention directed to wire ropes, hooks, and brakes.
DO remove the crane and hoist from service and perform necessary maintenance and repair.
DO follow recommended maintenance procedures for taking a crane and hoist out of service to inspect and perform maintenance and repair.
DO use the original crane and hoist manufacturer's recommended parts when repairing a crane or hoist and replacing worn or damaged parts.

DO NOT allow unqualified or unauthorized personnel to operate, inspect, maintain, or repair a crane or hoist.
DO NOT operate a crane and hoist that is damaged or has any actual or suspected mechanical or electrical malfunction.

DO NOT attempt to lengthen wire rope or repair damaged wire rope.
DO NOT use the wire rope, any part of the crane, hoist, or the load block and hook as a ground for welding.
DO NOT allow a welding electrode to be touched to the wire rope.
DO NOT remove or obscure any warnings or warning labels on the crane or hoist.
DO NOT walk under a suspended load.
DO NOT perform ANY work on a suspended load that requires a worker to be positioned under the suspended load.

## a WARNING

DO NOT WALK UNDER A SUSPENDED LOAD.
DO NOT PERFORM ANY WORK ON A SUSPENDED LOAD THAT REQUIRES A WORKER TO BE POSITIONED UNDER THE SUSPENDED LOAD.
IF IT IS NECESSARY THAT A WORKER BE POSITIONED UNDER A SUSPENDED LOAD TO PERFORM WORK ON THE SUSPENDED LOAD; SUCH WORK SHALL NOT BE STARTED OR PERFORMED UNTIL OTHER AUXILIARY SUPPORTING MEANS ARE PLACED UNDER THE SUSPENDED LOAD. FAILURE TO USE OTHER AUXILIARY SUPPORTING MEANS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.
TYPICAL BRIDGE INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM WHEN THE PENDANT STATION IS
W690-81595

ヨ

EOR TWO-SPEED OR TWO-STEP INFINITELY VABIABLE SPEED OPERATION PROVIDE ALL CONDUCTORS
NOI LISTED IN PARENTHESIS IN THE MULT-SPEED MATRIX BLOCK. for thaee-speed oh thabe-step nelnitely vablabie speed opeaation conductor numbers
 CIM
XI'S FROM ALL CONTROL TRANSFORMERS ARE CONNECTED TOGETHER, UNLESS XZ'S ARE GROUNDED.

NOTE:
bond all grounding conductors to metallic junction boxes or conthol panel
A
Page 13
TYPICAL BRIDGE INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM WHEN THE PENDANT STATION IS


 (
FOR TWO-SPEED OR TWO-STEP INEINITELY VARIABLE SPEED OPEBATION PROVIDE ALL CONDUCTORS
NOT LISTED IN PARENTHESIS IN THE MULTI-SPEED MATRIX BLOCK. FOR THREE-SPEED OR THREE-STEE INEINIELY VAAABLE SPEED OPERATION CONDUCTOR NUMBERS
(13)-HOIST, (23)-TROLLEY AND/OR (33)-BRIDGE ARE ADDED TO THE TWO-SPEED CONDUCTORS. FOR FOUR-SPEED OPERATION CONDUCTOR NUMBERS (14)-HOIST, (24)-TROLLEY AND/OR (34)-BRIDGE ARE ADO XI'S FROM ALL CONTROL TRANSFORMERS ARE CONNECTED TOGETHER, UNLESS XZ'S ARE GROUNDED. MOTION CONNECTIONS.

| WIRE GROUP |  | SINGLE SPEED BRIDGE WITH: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SINGLE-SPEED HOIST |  | MULTI-SPEED HOIST |  |
|  |  | SINGLE-SPEED TROLLEY | MULTI-SPEED TROLLEY | SINGLE-SPEED TROLLEY | MULTI-SPEED TROLLEY |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { CONTROL } \\ \text { CABLE } \end{gathered}$ | X1, 10, 11, 20, 21, GR. | X1, GR., 10, 11, 20, 21, 22, (23), (24), (25) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., 10, 11, 12, (13), (14), (15), 20, } \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { x1, GR., 10, 11, 12, (13), (14), (15), 20, 21, } \\ & \text { 22, (23), (24), (25) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | POWER CABLE | L1, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. |
| 2 | P.B. | X1, GR., 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31, 40, 41 | $\begin{aligned} & X 1, G R, 10,11,20,21,22,(23),(24),(25), 30, \\ & 31,40,41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., } 10,11,12,(13),(14),(15), 20, \\ & 21,30,31,40,41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., 10, 11, 12, (13), (14), (15), 20, 21, } \\ & \text { 22, (23), (24), (25), } 30,31,40,41 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| WIRE GROUP |  | MULTI-SPEED BRIDGE WITH: |  |  |  |
|  |  | SINGLE-SPEED HOIST |  | MULTI-SPEED HOIST |  |
|  |  | SINGLE-SPEED TROLLEY | MULTI-SPEED TROLLEY | SINGLE-SPEED TROLLEY | MULTI-SPEED TROLLEY |
| 1 | CONTROL CABLE | X1, 10, 11, 20, 21, GR. | X1, GR., 10, 11, 20, 21, 22, (23), (24), (25) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} 1, \text { GR. } 10,11,12,(13),(14),(15), 20, \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { x1, GR., 10, 11, 12, (13), (14), (15), 20, 21, } \\ & \text { 22, (23), (24), (25) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | POWER CABLE | LT, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. | L1, L2, L3, GR. |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.B. } \\ & \text { CORD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., } 10,11,20,21,30,31,32, \\ & (33),(34),(35), 40,41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., 10, 11, 20, 21, 22, (23), (24), (25), 30, } \\ & 31,32,(33),(34),(35), 40,41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X1, GR., 10, 11, 12, (13), (14), (15), 20, } \\ & 21,30,31,32,(33),(34),(35), 40,41 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Xt}_{1} \mathrm{GR}, 10,11,12,(13),(14),(15), 20,21,22, \\ & (23),(24),(25), 30,31,32,(33),(34),(35), 40,41 \end{aligned}$ |
| NOTE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| BOND ALL GROUNDING CONDUCTORS TO METALLIC JUNCTION BOXES OR CONTROL PANEL GROUNDING TERMINAL. |  |  |  | FOR TWO-SPEED OR TWO-STEP INFINITELY VAFIABLE SPEED OPERATION PROVIDE ALL CONDUCTORS NOT LISTED IN PARENTHESIS IN THE MULTI-SPEED MATRIX BLOCK. |  |
| CONDUCTOR SIZE MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 610 OF ANSI/NFPA 70 (NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE) OR SECTION 40 OF THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE. |  |  |  | FOR THEEE-SPEED OR THREE-STEP INFINITELY VAAIABLE SPEED OPERATION CONDUCTOR NUMBERS (13)-HOIST, (23)-TROLLEY AND/OR (33)-BRIDGE ARE ADDED TO THE TWO-SPEED CONDUCTORS. |  |
| REFERENCE CHART LISTED ON THE DRAWING TO IDENTIFY CONDUCTOR NUMBER/FUNCTION. WHEN VARIABLE FREQUENCY INVERTER DRIVES ARE USED TO CONTROL ANY MOTION, POWER AND CONTROL CONDUCTORS MUST BE KEPT SEPARATE INSIDE OF CONTROL PANELS AND ROUTED THROUGH SEPARATE CONDUITS ON THE EQUIPMENT. |  |  |  | FOR FOUR-SPEED OPERATION, CONDUCTOR NUMBERS (14)-HOIST, (24)-TROLLEY AND/OR (34)-BRIDGE ARE ADOED TO THE CONDUCTOR REQUIRMENT FOR THREE-SPEED DPERATION. <br> FOR FIVE-SPEED OPERATION CONDUCTOR NUMBEAS (15)-HOIST, (25)-TROLLEY AND/OR (35)-BRIDGE ARE ADDED TO THE CONDUCTOR REQUIREMENT FOR FOUR-SPEED OPERATION. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| "MULTI-SPEED" IN THE CHART MATRIX INCLUDES CONDUCTOR REOUIREMENT INFORMATION FOR two-speed, two-step infinitely variable speed, Three-speed, three-step infinitely variable speed, Four-speed and five-speed motion connections. |  |  |  |  |  |

A

Page 14
TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM
SINGLE SPEED BRIDGE WITH ACM

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM
TWO SPEED BRIDGE WITH ACM

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM
INVERTER CONTROLLED BRIDGE


## SINGLE AND TWO-SPEED BRIDGE CONTROL

## CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY



DISCONNECT SWITCH ASSEMBLY


ENCLOSURE MOUNTING HARDWARE

Enclosure mounting hardware (included) consists of (4) bolts (item 1), (4) sealing washers (item 2), and (4) nuts (item 3). Tighten to 180 inch pounds.

## CONTROL ENCLOSURE




ENCLOSURE DIMENSIONS (figure 1)

| A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 inches | 24 inches | 8 inches |

ENCLOSURE MOUNTING DIMENSIONS (figure 2)

| $D$ | $E$ | MOUNTING <br> HOLE DIA. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18.5 inches | 22.5 inches | $7 / 16$ inches |

# SINGLE AND TWO-SPEED BRIDGE CONTROL 

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR SINGLE AND TWO-SPEED CONTROL PANELS

| ITEM | P/N | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 86836 | Panel, Component Mounting |
| 2 | PA7341 | Fuse Block, Bridge Motor Circuit |
| 3 | 86714-03 | Din Rail, 9-1/2" Long |
| 4 | 52429-80 | Fuse Holder, Transformer |
| 5 | 86710-01 | Terminal, Control |
| 6 | 86710-02 | Terminal, Power |
| 7 | 86710-04 | Terminal, Grounding |
| 8 | 86710-06 | Terminal End Barrier, Power |
| 9 | 86710-05 | Terminal End Anchor |
| 410 | 86727-01 | Contactor, Reversing, Size B |
|  | 86729-01 | Contactor, Reversing, Size C |
| $\triangle 11$ | 86727-01 | Contactor, Two-Speed, Size B (see note) |
|  | 86729-01 | Contactor, Two-Speed, Size C (see note) |
| 12 | PA7556 | Din Rail, Elevated, 10-1/2" Long |
| 13 | 86737-03 | Relay, Control (two-speed only) |
| 14 | 86714-10 | Din Rail, 12-1/2" Long |
| 415 | PA7329 | Transformer Fuse, (for 100 VA ) |
|  | PA6333 | Transformer Fuse, (for 200 VA ) |
| 16 | 52429-04 | Transformer, 200-115 V. (100 VA) |
|  | 52429-16 | Transformer, 230/460-115 V. (100 VA) |
|  | 52429-39 | Transformer, 575-115 V. (100 VA) |
|  | 52429-06 | Transformer, 200-115 V. (200 VA) |
|  | 52429-18 | Transformer, 230/460-115 V. (200 VA) |
|  | 52429-41 | Transformer, 575-115 V. (200 VA) |
| 417 | 86709-XXX | Fuse, Bridge Motor Circuit (see notes) |
| 18 | 86715-017 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACM, S.S. } 1 \text { H.P. @ } 200-230 \mathrm{~V} . \\ & 2 \text { H.P. } @ 460 \mathrm{~V} . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 86715-018 | ACM, 2SP 11 H.P. @ $200-230 \mathrm{~V}$. <br>  <br> 2 H.P. $@ 460 \mathrm{~V}$. |
|  | 86715-002 | ACM, S.S. 2 H.P. © 575 V . |
|  | 86715-006 | ACM, 2 SP 2 H.P. @ 575 V. |


| ITEM | P/N | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 86715-019 | ACM S.S. 2.5 H.P. © 200-230 V. <br> 5 H.P. @ 460 V . |
|  | 86715-020 | ACM 2SP 2.5 H.P. © 200-230 V. <br> $54 . P$. 460 V . |
|  | 86715-004 | ACM S.S. 5 H.P. © 575 V . |
|  | 86715-008 | ACM 2SP 5 H.P. © 575 V. |
| 19 | 86733-01 | Mainline Contactor, Size C |
|  | 86734-01 | Mainline Contactor, Size D |
| 20 | PA7649 | Fusible Disc. Switch, 30 A . |
|  | PA7650 | Fusible Disc. Switch, 60 A. |
| 21 | PA7651 | Disc. Switch Operating Rod, 30 A . |
|  | PA7652 | Disc. Switch Operating Rod, 60 A . |
| 22 | PA7653 | Disc. Switch Operating Handle |
| 423 | 86709-300 | Fuse, Disc. Switch, 30 A . |
|  | 86709-600 | Fuse, Disc. Switch, 60 A. |
| 24 | 86710-07 | Terminal End Barrier, Control |
| 25 | 86710-03 | Terminal, Power Connection |
| 26 | 86710-08 | Terminal End Barrier, Power Connection |
| 27 | 86710-11 | Terminal, Grounding, Power Connection |
| 28 | 86736-XX | Overload Relay, Optional (see note) |
| 29 | 71380 | Label, Fuse I.D., Disconnect Switch |
| 30 | 70726 | Label, Fuse I.D., Motor Circuit |
| 31 | 70266 | Label, Fuse I.D., Transformer |
| 32 | 71379 | Nameplate |
| 33 | 69505-02 | Label, Danger, Electrical |
| 34 | 86740-01 | Enclosure, NEMA 12 |
|  | 86740-02 | Enclosure, NEMA 4 |
| 35 | 52429-81 | Fuse Block, Transformer |
| 436 | 86724-XXX | Fuse, Transformer Primary (see chart below) |
| 37 | 71399 | Label, Fuse I.D., Transformer Primary |

## A Denotes Recommended Spare Parts

## NOTES:

(1) When ordering replacement fuses or overload relays, provide fuse or overload relay amperage rating and/or total full load amperage of all bridge motors and the operating (line) voltage.
(2) Two-speed contactors are provided as reversing contactors. Remove load (bottom) side power jumpers to use as two-speed contactors.
(3) When control is provided without fusible disconnect switch (item 20, 21, 22, and 23), power terminals are provided in their place.
(4) Parts list is not unique. Not all parts are required for every control panel.

CONTROL PANEL RATING

| LINE VOLTAGE | 200 V. | 230 V. | 460 V. | 575 V. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Size "B" Control w/ ACM | 1 H.P. | 1 H.P. | 2 H.P. | 2 H.P. |
| Size "B" Control w/o ACM | 2 H.P. | 2 H.P. | 5 H.P. | 5 H.P. |
| Size "C" Control w/ ACM | 2.5 H.P. | 2.5 H.P. | 5 H.P. | 5 H.P. |
| Size "C" Control w/o ACM | 7.5 H.P. | 7.5 H.P. | 10 H.P. | 25 H.P. |

TRANSFORMER PRIMARY FUSE, ITEM 36

| FUSE P/N (ITEM 36) | USE WITH TRANSFORMER P/N |
| :---: | :--- |
| $86724-005$ | $52429-16$ when connected @ 460 V, <br> $52429-39$, and $52429-41$ |
| $86724-012$ | $52429-04,52429-16$ when connected @ 230 <br> V, and 52429-18 when connected at 460 V. |
| $86724-020$ | $52429-06$ and $52429-18$ when connected <br> $@ 230 \mathrm{~V}$. |

## VARIABLE FREQUENCY INVERTER, BRIDGE CONTROL

 CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY

## DISCONNECT SWITCH ASSEMBLY



CONTROL ENCLOSURE


INVERTER BRAKING RESISTORS

| VOLTS | USE WITH | CMAA CLASS C | CMAA CLASS D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $86738-41$ | $86739-05$ | $86739-16^{*}$ |
|  | $86738-42$ | $86739-06$ | $86739-17^{*}$ |
|  | $86738-43$ | $86739-07$ | $86739-18^{\star}$ |
|  | $86735-45$ | $86739-08$ | $86739-19^{*}$ |
|  | $86738-47$ | $86739-09^{\star}$ | $86739-20^{*}$ |
| 230 | $86738-21$ | $86739-01$ | $86739-12^{*}$ |
|  | $86738-22$ | $86739-02$ | $86739-13^{\star}$ |
|  | $86738-23$ | $86739-03$ | $86739-14^{\star}$ |
|  | $86738-25$ | $86739-04$ | $86739-15^{\star}$ |

[^1]Page 20

## VARIABLE FREQUENCY INVERTER, BRIDGE CONTROL REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR INVERTER CONTROLLED BRIDGE PANEL

| ITEM | P/N | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 86837 | Panel, Component Mounting |
| 2 | PA7341 | Fuse Block, Bridge Motor Circuit |
| 3 | 86714-08 | Din Rail, 16 in. Long |
| 4 | 52429-80 | Fuse Holder, Transformer |
| 5 | 86710-01 | Terminal, Control |
| 6 | 86710-02 | Terminal, Power |
| 7 | 86710-04 | Terminal, Grounding |
| 8 | 86710-06 | Terminal End Barrier, Power |
| 9 | 86710-05 | Terminal End Anchor |
| 10 | 86738-41 | Inverter Drive, 460 V.1.9 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-42 | Inverter Drive, 460 V. 3.6 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-43 | Inverter Drive, 460 V. 5.1 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-45 | Inverter Drive, 460 V. 8.5 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-47 | Inverter Drive, 460 V. 11.7 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-21 | Inverter Drive, 230 V. 6 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-22 | Inverter Drive, 230 V. 8 A. Max. |
|  | 86738-23 | Inverter Drive, 230 V .11 A . Max. |
|  | 86738-25 | Inverter Drive, 230 V. 17.5 A. Max. |
| 11 | 86737-05 | Relay, Brake Control |
| 12 | PA7556 | Din Rail, Elevated, 10-1/2" Long |
| 413 | PA7329 | Fuse, Transformer (use with 100 VA ) |
|  | PA6333 | Fuse, Transformer (use with 200 VA ) |
| A 14 | 86709-030 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-41 |
|  | 86709-060 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-42 |
|  | 86709-080 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-43 |
|  | 86709-100 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-21 |
|  | 86709-120 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-22 |
|  | 86709-150 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-45 |
|  | 86709-200 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-47 and $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{N}$ : 86738-23 |
|  | 86709-250 | Fuse, Motor Ckt. Use w/ P/N: 86738-25 |
| 15 | 52429-04 | Transformer, 200-115 V. (100 VA) |
|  | 52429-16 | Transformer, 230/460-115 V. (100 VA) |
|  | 52429-39 | Transformer, 575-115 V. (100 VA) |


| ITEM | P/N | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 52429-06 | Transformer, 200-115 V. (200 VA) |
|  | 52429-18 | Transformer, 230/460-115 V. (200 VA) |
|  | 52429-41 | Transformer, 575-115 V. (200 VA) |
| 16 | 86739-XX | Inverter D.B. Resistors, see chart |
| 17 | PA7606 | Suppressor, Brake Coil, 230 V . |
|  | PA7607 | Suppressor, Brake Coil, 460 V . |
| 18 | PA7608 | Din Rail Adapter (460 V. suppressor, qty. 2) |
| 19 | 86733-01 | Contactor, Mainline, "C" |
|  | 86734-01 | Contactor, Mainline, Size "D" |
| 20 | PA7263 | Suppressor, Relay Contactor Coil |
| 21 | 70726 | Label, Fuse I.D., Motor Circuit Fuses |
| 22 | 70266 | Label, Fuse I.D., Transformer Fuse |
| 23 | 71739 | Nameplate |
| 24 | 69505-02 | Label, Danger, Electrical |
| 25 | 86710-07 | Terminal End Barrier, Control |
| 26 | 71380 | Label, Fuse I.D., Disc. Switch |
| 27 | PA7649 | Fusible Disc. Switch, 30 A . |
|  | PA7650 | Fusible Disc. Switch, 60 A. |
| 28 | PA7651 | Disc. Switch Operating Rod, 30 A . |
|  | PA7652 | Disc. Switch Operating Rod, 60 A . |
| 29 | PA7653 | Disc. Switch Operating Handle |
| 30 | 86710-03 | Terminal, Power Connection |
| 31 | 86710-08 | Terminal End Barrier, Power Connection |
| 32 | 86710-11 | Terminal, Grounding, Power Connection |
| $\triangle 33$ | 86736-XX | Overload Relay, Optional (see notes) |
|  | 86736-50 | Overload Relay Mtg. Base (see notes) |
| 34 | 86740-04 | Enclosure, NEMA 12 |
|  | 86740-05 | Enclosure, NEMA 4 |
| 4 35 | 86709-300 | Fuse, Disc. Switch, 30 A . |
|  | 86709-600 | Fuse, Disc. Switch, 60 A. |
| 36 | 52429-81 | Fuse Block, Transformer |
| $\triangle 37$ | 86724-XXX | Fuse, Transformer Primary (see chart below) |
| 38 | 71399 | Label, Fuse I.D., Transformer Primary |

## © Denotes Recommended Spare Parts

## NOTES:

(1) When ordering replacement fuses or overload relays, provide fuse or overload relay amperage rating and/or total full load amperage of all bridge motors and the operating (line) voltage.
(2) When control is provided without fusible disconnect switch (item 27, 28, and 29), power terminals are provided in their place.
(4) Parts list is not unique. Not all parts are required for every control panel.

TRANSFORMER PRIMARY FUSE, ITEM 37

| FUSE PN (ITEM 37) | USE WITH TRANSFORMER P/N |
| :---: | :---: |
| $86724-005$ | $52429-16$ when connected @ 460 V, <br> $52429-39$, and $52429-41$ |
| $86724-012$ | $52429-04,52429-16$ when connected @ 230 <br> V, and 52429-18 when connected at 460 V. |
| $86724-020$ | $52429-06$ and $52429-18$ when connected <br> $@ 230 ~ V . ~$ |

## ACCELERATION CONTROL MODULE V (OPTIONAL)

The ACM V is a solid state device designed to provide reduced starting torque and controlled acceleration of three-phase motors. The ACM V offers a soft controlled start that reduces the swinging action of suspended loads caused by uncontrolied abrupt starts. Starting torque and acceleration rate can be adjusted to accommodate differing requirements.

## DANGER

## HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT IN THE CONTROL BOX, OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS, AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THESE COMPONENTS.

The main switch (disconnect) of the hoist, crane, or lifting system shall be de-energized. Lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position in accordance with ANSI Z244.1.

Only qualified electricians should inspect, adjust, service, repair, or replace electrical components.
All adjustments of ACM V must be made with the main switch locked and tagged in the de-energized position. After adjustments are made, re-energize power supply and test operation of ACM V. If additional adjustment is required, repeat this procedure.

## NOTICE

Multi-Voltage Controls must be set for correct voltage before operating.

## ACM V SINGLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT:

1. Set the TIME adjustment at the maximum point and the INITIAL TORQUE adjustment at the minimum point. (This initial setting provides the softest start, but the initial torque may be too small to start the motor for the first few cycles.)
2. Set the INITIAL TORQUE adjustment first; usually $1 / 4$ to $1 / 2$ of a turn from the minimum torque setting is adequate.
3. Decrease the TIME adjustment if the starting is too soft under a half load condition. Strive for a smooth even transition from zero to maximum speed with a minimal INITIAL TORQUE setting.

## ACM V TWO SPEED ADJUSTMENT:

1. Set the TIME adjustment at the maximum point and the ACCELERATION and DECELERATION INITIAL TORQUE adjustments at the minimum points. (The setting provides the softest start, but the initial torque may be too small to start the motor for the first few cycles.)
2. Set the ACCELERATION TORQUE adjustment first; usually $1 / 4$ to $1 / 2$ of a turn from the minimum torque setting is adequate.
3. Next set the DECELERATION TORQUE adjustment by turning it to the minimum torque setting. If the transition from high to low speed is too soft, increase the setting until an appropriate transition is obtained. Usually setting the DECELERATION TORQUE adjustment to minimum proves to be the best setting.

## DANGER

SERVICE CHECKS OF THE ACM V REQUIRE THAT THE ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY BE ENERGIZED.
THEREFORE, only electricians qualified and certified to work on energized circuits and equipment should perform this service.

## NOTICE

All readings should be taken with a standard analog type VOM (volt-ohm-meter)

## ACM V SINGLE SPEED SERVICE:

1. Disconnect motor from $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2$, and T 3 .
2. Set INITIAL TORQUE adjustment to minimum and the TIME adjustment to maximum.
3. Energize the contactor. For proper operation the following readings should be taken (example is for a 460 VAC, threephase system with 115 VAC control voltage):
a. TL1 to TL2, TL2 to TL3, and TL1 to TL3-460 VAC.
b. Control signal point $A$ and $B$ terminals - 115 VAC. It is important that this reading be taken across the $A$ and $B$ terminal screws on the ACM unit. If no voltage can be read across these two points, first check for misplacement of an electrical interlock from the reversing or two-speed contactor. The "common" side of the control signal is sensed through the coil which is not energized, so do not interlock the common wire out of the circuit. Simply checking for 115 VAC from one screw terminal and the "common" wire is NOT sufficient. Without a proper signal to the A and B terminals (and the HI, LO, and COMMON on two-speed models), the output of the ACM at T1, T2, and T3 will remain zero (0) VAC. A and B must only be connected to the contactor coils, NEVER THE CONTROL TRANSFORMER.
c. After six seconds, take readings at $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2$, and T 3 (with the motor disconnected).
(1) From T1 to T2, T2 to T3, and T1 to T3, the voltage is approximately $80-95 \%$ of line voltage. For the 460 VAC ACM, the reading is approximately 405 VAC.
(2) A zero (0) VAC output will occur if the proper control signal is not being received (See $b$ above and $a, b$, and $c$ listed under two-speed service).
d. With the TORQUE adjustment at minimum and the TIME adjustment at maximum, take a meter reading across terminals $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2$, and T 3 (as in $\mathrm{c}(1)$ above), from the instant the contactor is closed. The meter should move slowly during the first five seconds, then quickly for the last second. The total time to reach $88 \%$ of the line voltage should be approximately six to nine seconds. Each phase to phase test should be similar in voltage profile, no matter where the TIME and TORQUE adjustments are set. Due to the dampening factor in volt-ohm-meters, it is difficult to detect the exact voltage level at a particular torque setting. However, the varying of the TORQUE and TIME settings can be readily identified on the meter. THE IMPORTANT POINT IS THAT ALL THREE VOLTAGE PROFILES ARE THE SAME.

## ACM V TWO SPEED SERVICE:

Steps 1, 2, and 3 are the same as for single-speed control. The difference lies with the control signal circuitry. For proper operation, check the following control signals across the screws on the ACM. See 3 b of single-speed service for general testing procedure.
a. When the contactor is energized for low speed operation, the meter will read:
(1) Between HI and COMMON . . . . . . . . 0 VAC
(2) Between LO and COMMON . . . . . . . 115 VAC
(3) Between LO and HI . . . . . . . . . . . . . 115 VAC
(4) Between A and B . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 115 VAC
b. When the contactor is energized for high speed operation, the meter will read:
(1) Between HI and COMMON ....... 115 VAC
(2) Between LO and COMMON . . . . . . . . . 0 VAC
(3) Between LO and HI . . . . . . . . . . . . 115 VAC
(4) Between A and B . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 115 VAC
c. If another control voltage is used, it will appear instead of the 115 VAC listed above.

## GENERAL CONDITIONS OF WARRANTY

WARRANTIES: The Seller warrants to the original using Buyer thereof that the goods sold under this Agreement are free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of shipment to the original using Buyer. No other express warranties are given and no affirmation of Seller or Seller's agents, by word or action, shall constitute a warranty. No warranty is made for components and accessories made by others when such items are warranted by their respective manufacturers.

Installation or operation of the equipment in any manner other than as recommended by Seller, shall void the warranty.
Any variations in details between the goods furnished herein and those covered in Buyer's specifications are due to standards of manufacture not to be construed as exceptions to the specifications.

## DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES:

(a) SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY IN RESPECT TO THE GOODS SOLD UNDER THIS AGREEMENT.
(b) This sale is made WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY BY SELLER THAT THE GOODS ARE SUITABLE FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
(c) Buyer hereby waives all other warranties, guarantees, obligations, liabilities, rights, and remedies arising by law or otherwise including any obligation or liability of the Seller arising from tort, and Buyer shall indemnify Seller from any liability, loss, damage, or claim arising from Buyer's tortious use of the goods sold hereby.

## REMEDIES:

(a) Under no conditions shall any goods be returned to Seller without its prior written consent.
(b) The Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for breach of any warranty is limited to Seller furnishing, at its expense, duplicate or repaired parts F.O.B. Seller's plant with installation at Buyer's expense if discovery of a claimed defect occurs during the allowable warranty period, and if Seller's inspection determines a defect exists.
(c) The quantity of material shown by invoice shall in all cases govern settlement for shortages, unless notice of shortage, appropriately documented, is given to the carrier and the Seller upon delivery by the Carrier.
(d) Claims for errors, deficiencies or imperfections shall be deemed waived by the Buyer unless Seller is notified in writing of the basis of such claims within 10 days after discovery of claimed defect and such discovery occurs within the warranted period.
(e) Neither Buyer nor User shall be entitled under this Agreement to recover from Seller any incidental or consequential damages of any nature including but not limited to the cost of any labor expended by others in connection with the goods sold hereby by reason of any alleged nonconformity or breach of warranty on the part of the Seller, nor costs of material or account thereof, nor any lost profits whether determinable or speculative.

- Acco Chain $\&$ Lifting Products Division

76 Acco Drive, Box 792, York, PA 17405-0792
717-741-4863 800-967-7333 Fax 717-741-8572
PART OF THE FKI GROUP OF COMPANIES


[^0]:    Before installing, removing, inspecting, or performing any maintenance on a hoist or crane, the main switch shall be de-energized. Lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position in accordance with ANSI Z244.1. Follow other maintenance procedures outlined in this manual and applicable ASME B30 volumes.

    Additional WARNINGS are listed in various portions of this manual. Personnel shall read and follow these WARNINGS. Failure to read and comply with these WARNINGS as well as other instructions or any limitations noted in this manual and applicable ASME B30 volumes could result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

[^1]:    * Denotes resistor assy's. that mount externally to control enciosure.

